Innovations in payment instruments:

a (too) fast moving pace?

Alex Maple Budapest, 14th May



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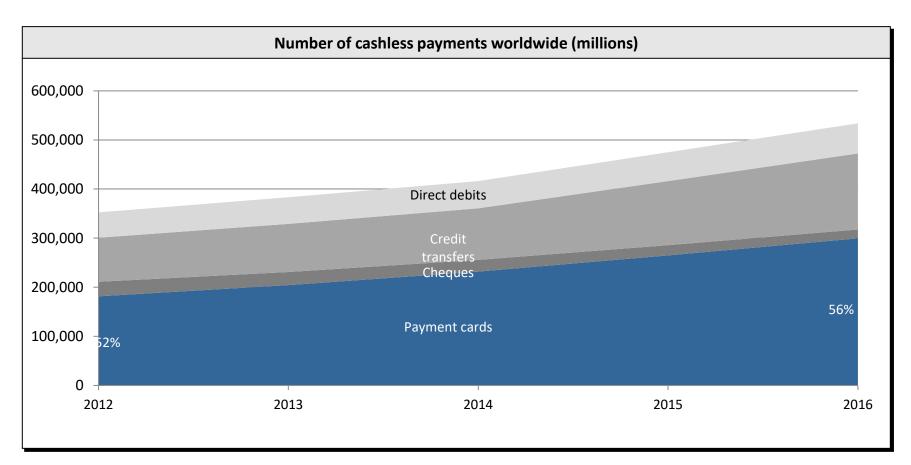
Agenda

- Cashless payments
- **▶** Global cards market trends
- Cards penetration and usage
- **▶** Contactless cards
- Impact of regulation on cards industry
- Cash usage globally





Payment cards are rapidly increasing their share of the number of cashless payments, but they represent a much lower proportion of cashless expenditure





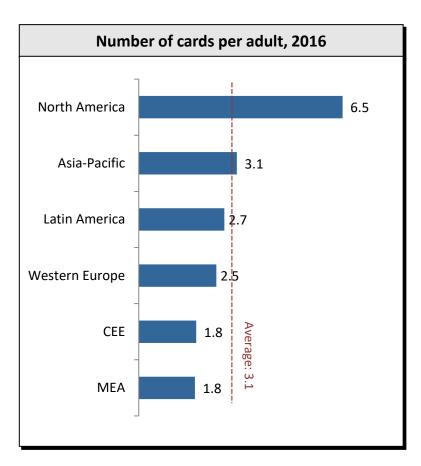
Number of card payments is rising twice as quickly as card numbers worldwide as a result of expanding acceptance and greater use of cards for low-value payments

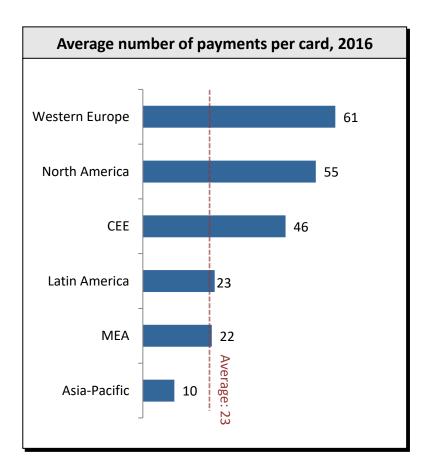
General trends in cards market:

- Number of payments is rising twice as rapidly as the number of cards as acceptance increases and as cards are used more frequently for lower-value payments
- 2 Debit cards continue to gain share of the total card base as more people come into the banking system, while regulation and economic uncertainty impact pay-later sector
- 3 Domestic schemes are seeing rapid growth in a number of large markets worldwide
- 4 e-commerce card expenditure set to double over the next six years thanks to enhanced convenience and security
- **5** Contactless cardholding and usage soar as consumers embrace a quick and easy means to make low-value payments and as the contactless option becomes more widely available at merchants
- **6** Increasing regulation is impacting the card industry; this typically restricts card issuance but encourages acceptance



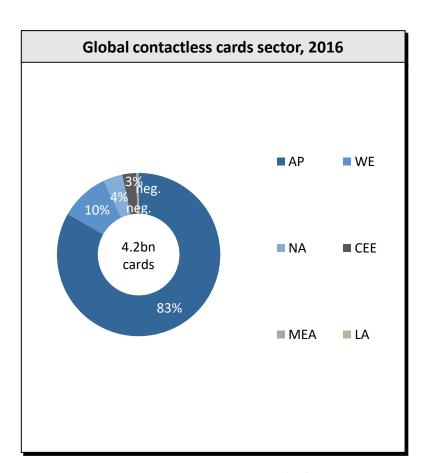
Card usage at POS is much better established in Europe and North America than in the other world regions

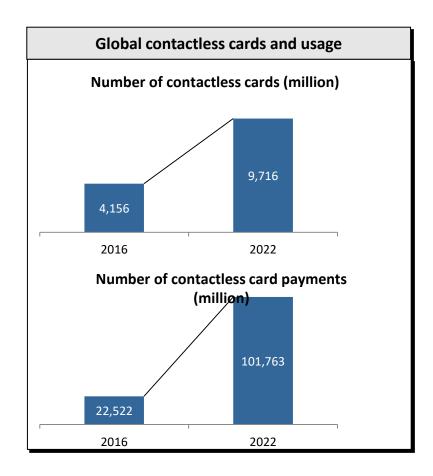






21% of card payments worldwide are forecast to be contactless by 2022, compared with 7% in 2016







Many regulations affect the card industry, including those that impact upon card issuance, but these will also drive up card acceptance levels

▶ Regulations encouraging or mandating card acceptance

- In some countries, most merchants are required by law to accept card payments
- In Russia, the criteria in terms of turnover has been reduced for accepting cards
- In London and Madrid, among other cities, cards must be accepted on taxis
- Requirement to keep electronic records of sales is boosting card acceptance in certain countries

▶ Regulations restricting cash usage

- The value of cash payments is limited in some countries

Regulations inhibiting prepaid card issuance

- In some countries, identification is required for prepaid cards to be issued
- In others, prepaid cards may not be used for cash withdrawals

Regulations restricting value of goods purchased overseas

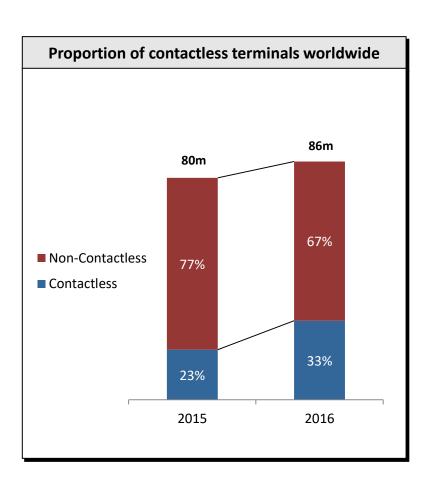
- The use of cards for cross-border e-commerce is limited in some countries

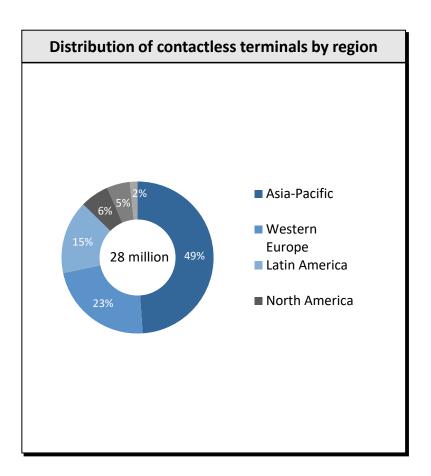
Regulations on interchange fees

Has impacted on card issuance and acceptance in different ways



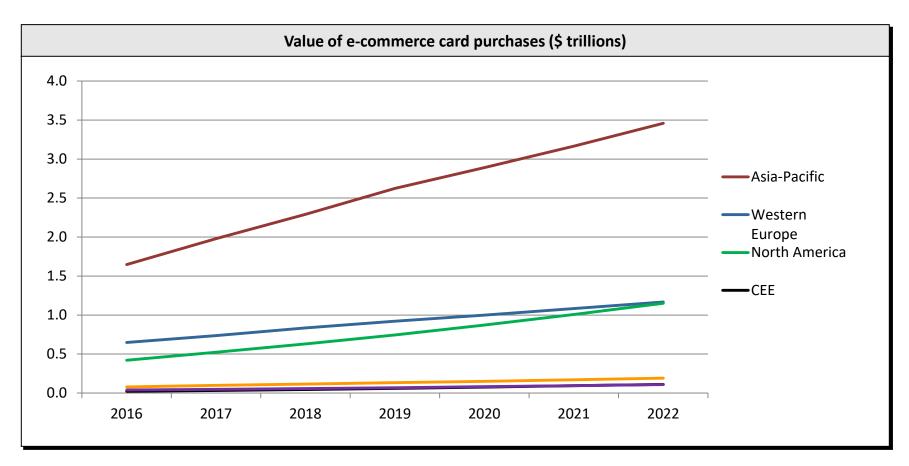
Rapid growth in contactless-enabled EFTPOS terminals with a third of terminals supporting contactless transactions in 2016







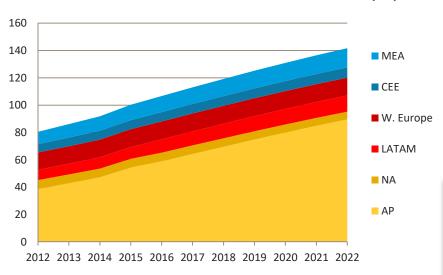
US\$ 2.9 trillion was spent on e-commerce card payments worldwide in 2016 and this is forecast to double by 2022





Despite growth in the number of card payments, cash usage will remain strong

Number of ATM cash withdrawals worldwide (bn)



107^{bn}

ATM cash withdrawals were made worldwide in 2016

Source: Global ATM Market and Forecasts to 2022 (RBR)



Retailers are investing in "Retail Cash Automation", new technology that improves in-store cash management

▶ RBR's new study reveals 250,000 installations of cash automation units across 13 countries

- Technology that counts, validates and stores banknotes in stores
- Most commonly devices are designed to handle cash in retailers' back/front offices, although some are point of sale (POS) units located at individual checkouts
- USA by far the largest market for cash automation technology in retailers, with 140,000 installations
- The vast majority of devices in the USA are back-office note acceptors ("smart safes")
- In Europe, a much more mixed picture, with a far higher proportion of POS devices, particularly in markets such as Italy, Spain and the UK
- The main users of such technology in Europe are supermarket chains, with the concept of a closed cash cycle, involving recycling terminals at both the point of sale and the back office

Key reasons for deploying Retail Cash Automation

- Security (particularly in markets such as USA, Australia, Brazil, South Africa...)
- Cash efficiency/closed cash-cycle (more so in European markets)

Challenges and opportunities for Cash In Transit providers

- New technology reduces need for CIT services, but providers may be able to resell and provide related services



Thank you for listening...

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