

EUROPEAN CENTRAL BANK

SECA IMPLICATIONS TO CASH AND CIT

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- Eurosystem's role in the cash cycle
- SEPA and SECA
- User requirements of different stakeholders in the cash cycle
- Issues to be addressed to attain more convergence
- Way forward

• Eurosystem's role in the cash cycle



Eurosystem's mission in the area of cash

 Ensuring a smooth and efficient supply of euro cash

Development and growth rate of euro banknote circulation



Observed and forecasted development of euro (and legacy currency) circulation (rough estimate)



Development of some euro banknote denominations from 01/2002 to 04/2007



Development of some euro banknote denominations from 01/2002 to 04/2007



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- Based on the Dutch, Belgian and Austrian studies:
 - Average cost of cash < cost of electronic payment instruments per transaction
 - In small transactions, the cost of cash < cost of debit card payments

- Societal savings by replacing part of cash transactions with electronic payment instruments are modest

Eurosystem's mission in the area of cash

 Ensuring a smooth and efficient supply of euro cash

 Maintaining the integrity of the euro banknotes

Number of euro banknote counterfeits found from circulation between 2002 and 2006



Conclusions drawn from the current developments

- The benefits of the common currency for stakeholders should be reaped.
- Efficiency gains should be looked for in the production and issuance of euro banknotes.
- Cost savings should result from optimising the cash handling process using technology developments.
- More advanced and innovative security features should be introduced.

- Eurosystem's role in the cash cycle
- SEPA and SECA

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SEPA and **SECA**

- Single Euro Payments Area (SEPA)
- In SEPA economic actors will be able to make and receive payments in euro under the same basic conditions between or within national boundaries
- SEPA consists of a single set of euro payment instruments – credit transfers, direct debits and card payments

SEPA and **SECA**

- Single Euro Cash Area (SECA)
- SECA already exist for consumers
- In order to create SECA for professional cash handlers, the ECB has agreed on a number of measures to achieve more convergence of national central bank (NCB) cash services.

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- User requirements of different stakeholders in the cash cycle

User requirements of different stakeholders in the cash cycle

- Consumers: Surveys, focus groups
- Retailers: Cash handler surveys
- Cash machine industry: Meetings and tests with manufacturers
- CITs: Communication with ESTA
- Banking: SECA Framework
- Suppliers: Liaison meetings

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Issues to be addressed to attain more convergence of NCB cash services

- Remote access by June 2007
- Coin lodgements by end-2007
- Electronic data exchange
- Facing and orientating the banknotes
- Opening hours
- Packaging standards
- Cash recycling

Way forward

- Discussions within Euro Cash Users Group
- Discussions with EPC Cash Working Group and ESTA
- Consultations at the national level
- Finalisation of the roadmap by end 2007
- Implementation