



AT THE CROSSROADS OF CHANGE IN THE FRENCH CASH CYCLE

ESTA Conference Bratislava, Slovakia, June 10-12, 2012



INTERVENTION PLAN



I - INTERNAL CHANGES AT THE BANQUE DE FRANCE

II - THE EVOLVING ROLE OF THE BANQUE DE FRANCE IN THE FRENCH CASH CYCLE



BANQUE DE FRANCE INTERNAL CHANGES AT THE BANQUE DE FRANCE



1.1 - The reshaping of the cash centres network

1.2 - The new cash centres Project

1.3 - Revisiting processes



BANQUE DE PRANCE INTERNAL CHANGES AT THE BANQUE DE FRANCE



I.1 - Reshaping the cash centres network



RESHAPING THE CASH CENTRES NETWORK



Objectives:

- Changes in operational processes
- New relations with CIT companies
- Enhancement of working conditions (better ergonomics)
- Cost reduction
- A favourable context for changes
 - The demographic trend eases the upcoming rearrangements
 - The renewal of equipments is needed



RESHAPING THE CASH CENTRES NETWORK



- > A broad network compared to our main partners
- Banque de France 72 cash centres:
 - 1 in headquarters, 1 « hub » in Chamalières
 - 63 full-activity branches
 - 7 specialized units



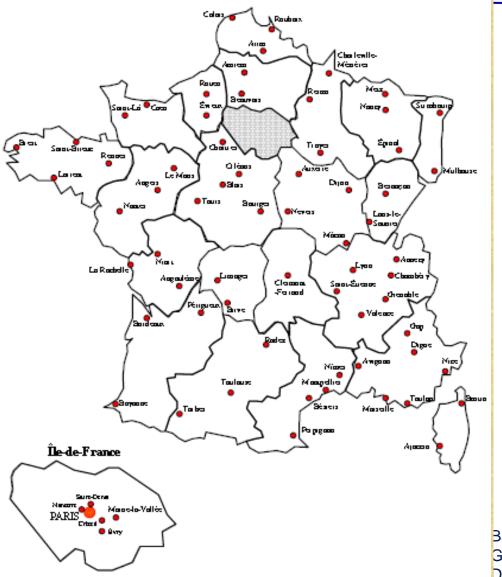
THE CASH CENTRES NETWORK IN 2003





THE CURRENT CASH CENTRES NETWORK





An extensive network of 72 cash centres



BANQUE DE PRANCE INTERNAL CHANGES AT THE BANQUE DE FRANCE



I.2 - The new cash centres Project



NEW CASH CENTRES: INDUSTRIALISING PROCESSES



- ➤ The New Cash Centres (NCC) project was launched in 2009. It aims to:
 - conceive a new functioning model for French cash centres based on automated processes
 - implement this model in locations where cash centres are outdated and can't be modernized



NEW CASH CENTRES: INDUSTRIALISING PROCESSES



- The project is now in the last months of its detailed conception phase :
 - The first NCC will be implemented near Lille in the North of France.
 This centre should be in function in 2016
 - The second NCC is due to be installed near Paris (no opening date defined so far).
 - One other implementation in French region under consideration



BANQUE DE PRANCE INTERNAL CHANGES AT THE BANQUE DE FRANCE



I.3 – Revisiting processes



CONVERGENCE OF PACKAGING TYPES



- A first step in the European standardization of packaging has been taken in the field of free-of-charge cross-border banknote transactions
- However, the creation of NCC brings up the question of the most efficient standard of packaging for large-scale handling.
- The BdF might favour stiff packaging instead of the safebag.



REVISITING IT SYSTEMS



- > 1st January 2012: go-live of an electronic portal between BdF and its professional clients for cash transactions (INTEROP)
- Parallel improvements of the BdF processes: end to end traceablity
- Next release incorporating new functionalities and a DECS interface module for cross-borders transactions with the BdF as Central Bank correspondent.
- INTEROP already goes beyond some other systems implemented in our neighbouring countries: digital signature checking and authentication control + direct link with Target 2 for financial settlement



OPERATIONAL DEVELOPMENTS UNDER CONSIDERATION



- Receipt /Recognition by global delivery, not by bundle anymore
- Development of video monitoring
- Enhancement of traceability of flows and stocks



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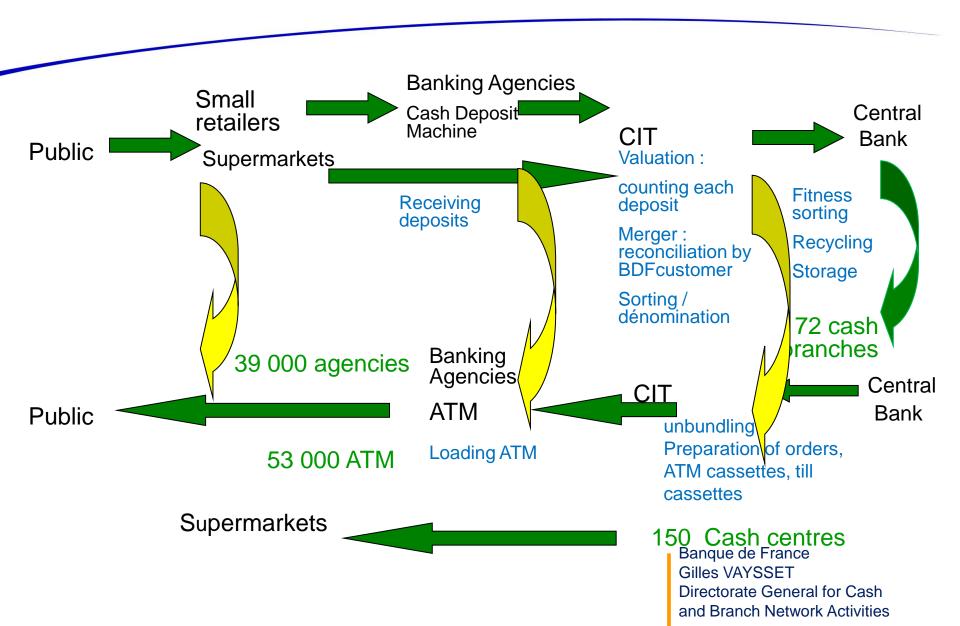
CHANGES IN THE ROLE OF THE BdF IN THE SUPPLY OF CASH: INCREASING PRIVATE SECTOR INVOLVEMENT

- II.1 Developing short circuits (recycling)
- II.2 New forms of cooperation: establishing CHTO
- II.3 Striving for safer transports of cash

BANQUE DE FRANCE EUROSYSTÈME

DEVELOPING SHORT CIRCUITS (RECYCLING)

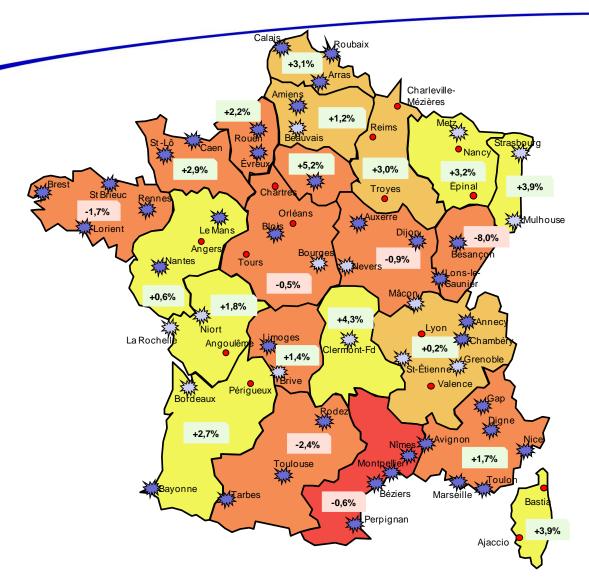






DEVELOPING SHORT CIRCUITS (RECYCLING)





Where recycling by credit institutions is increasing, deposits at the BdF counters are decreasing (negative figures of change)



DEVELOPING SHORT CIRCUITS (RECYCLING)



- ➤ At the end of 2011, 5,095 banking agencies were distributing their own recycled notes (+14.7% / end-2010).
- From S1 2012, all recycling actors will comply with a reporting obligation.
- Target: 50%-50% public-private sorting and recirculation.



INCREASING PRIVATE SECTOR INVOLVEMENT



II.2 - A new cooperation scheme with the private sector



INCREASING PRIVATE SECTOR INVOLVEMENT



- Need for a new scheme incentivizing banks and CIT companies to be further involved in recycling:
 - Currently, density + proximity of NCB cash centres: free of charge sorting by the NCB compensates for the (limited) cost of transport
 - CIT companies are not allowed to sort together the banknotes deposited on different bank account holders
 - The in- and out- flows of cash at the bank agencies / groups level are not balanced --> the business model for recycling is limited



ESTABLISHING CHTO CONSIDERING NHTO



- <u>Different models</u> have been implemented in Europe to decentralize or outsource NCB's cash activities.
- Banque de France is rather considering, together with CIT companies and credit institutions, a scheme to complement its future cash centres network and keep the cash cycle fluid.





II.3 - Striving for safer transports of cash



THE GROWING ROLE OF BDF AS REGARDS THE SAFETY OF TRANSPORT

- Aim of anti-theft devices: a higher level of security in cash transports, for both the CIT security staff and the public.
- ➤ Use encouraged by the new European Regulation on professional cross-border transport of euro cash by road (to enter into force at end-November 2012).
- French homologation rules of IBNS will be revampened in 2012 in order to be aligned with the EU regulation
- > The BdF is more and more involved in the process





Thank you for your attention