

**CEN TC263WG4
European Standards
Defining
Intelligent Banknote Neutralization Systems**

Presented by

Digby Ram

Convenor



Overview

This update is to brief members on:

- The imminent Active Work Item
- The key stages in developing and Active Work Item into a European Standard
- What are the potential implications for the CViT industry?
- How you can participate

Report from TC 263

The following resolution was agreed at the CEN/TC 263 held in the 18th September 2008 at AFNOR, Paris

Resolution No.059/2008

"The members of CEN/TC 263 present agree to instruct the Convenor of WG4 to submit a draft to the Secretary for circulation and voting on for adoption by CEN/TC 263 as an active work item within one month after the April 2009 meeting of CEN/TC 263/WG4.

If this is not achieved the Secretary is instructed to delete the work item from the work programme.

This Resolution was passed unanimously"

AWI Vote

<u>Country</u>	<u>In favour</u>
Sweden	yes
France	yes
Romania	yes
UK	yes
Denmark	yes
Netherlands	yes
Germany	yes
Switzerland	yes
*ESTA's View	(yes)

As at 30.03.09

*ESTA attends as a non-voting observer

Understanding European Standards Procedures...

CEN system of working

Three levels

- **Policy / strategy level** - CA (Administrative Board) and BT (Technical Board)
- **Programming / monitoring level** - TC (Technical Committee)
- **Drafting level** – WG (Working Group)

European Standards Procedures

Overview of development process

- New Work item (unique WI number)
- Development of technical content (by WG)
- Public comment (CEN Enquiry)
- Consideration of comments
- Approval (Formal vote)
- Publication
- National implementation

Understanding European Standards Procedures

Main CEN Work Stages

Time		
0		Receipt of TC resolution
+ 6 months	Step 1	Circulation of first working draft
+ 6 months	Step 2	Dispatch of Enquiry draft to CMC
+ 2.5 months	Step 3	Submission to Enquiry
+ 5 months	Step 4	Closure of Enquiry
+ 8 months	Step 5	Dispatch of Formal Vote draft to CMC
+ 3.5 months	Step 6	Submission of Formal Vote
+ 2 months	Step 7	Closure of Formal Vote
+ 1 month	Step 8	Ratification
+ 2 months	Step 9	Definitive text available
36 months		

Weighted Votes

France	29	Sweden	10
Germany	29	Switzerland	10
Italy	29	Denmark	7
UK	29	Finland	7
Poland	27	Ireland	7
Spain	27	Lithuania	7
Romania	14	Norway	7
Netherlands	13	Slovakia	7
Belgium	12	Cyprus	4
Czech Republic	12	Estonia	4
Greece	12	Latvia	4
Hungary	12	Luxembourg	4
Portugal	12	Slovenia	4
Austria	10	Iceland	3
Bulgaria	10	Malta	3

Understanding European Standards Procedures...

Normative and informative parts of a standard

- Foreword / Introduction (informative)
- Title and Scope (normative)
- Normative references (normative)
- Technical requirements (normative)
- Annex (normative or informative)
- Notes in the text (informative)

Interaction with European Commission



The new approach

Legislation and standards for the free movement of goods in Europe

The New Approach

Three fundamental principles

- A new type of directive
- Standardization to support legislation
- Policy for assessment of conformity

New Approach Directives

Present Applications

- Low voltage equipment • Simple vessels • Toys • Electromagnetic compatibility • Construction products • Machinery • Lifts • Personal protective equipment • Non-automatic weighting instruments • Medical devices • Active implantable medical devices • Gas appliances • New hot water boilers fired with liquid or gaseous fluids (efficiency requirements) • Explosives for civil uses • Equipment and protective systems in potentially explosive atmospheres • Recreational craft

• www.newapproach.org

New Approach Directives

Essential Requirements:

- The standards lay down the necessary elements for protecting the public interest
- Are then mandatory. Only products conforming to essential requirements may be placed on the market and put into service
- Must be applied as a function of the hazards inherent to a given product or situation

New Approach

European Commission / Single Market - Regulatory Policy / Guide to the Implementation of Directives Based on New Approach and Global Approach

'Free movement of goods is a cornerstone of the single market. The mechanisms in place to achieve this aim are based on prevention of new barriers to trade, mutual recognition and technical harmonisation.'

New Approach

From the CEN website:

‘The New Approach and European standardisation have contributed significantly to the development of the Single Market. The success of the European standardisation system, in removing technical barriers to trade, has played a vital role in ensuring the free movement of goods between Member States.’

Understanding European Standards Procedures...

USEFUL WEBSITES:

www.cen.eu

General CEN website

www.cen.eu/boss

Website for CEN standards developers

<http://europa.eu.int/comm>

The European Commission

http://europa.eu.int/comm/dgs/enterprise/index_en.htm

The European Commission DG Enterprise

<http://europa.eu.int>

European Union

www.bsi-global.com

BSI



What does all this mean for members?

- 80% of robberies on CViT crews take place in the UK
- IBNS systems are used widely across the pavement
- Deterrent is perceived as not working in the UK
- New technology being tested
- Systems will not work without the cooperation of central banks and, preferably, legislators
- Do members want harmonization?
- What is the probability that CViT and IBNS could be included in the New Approach?

How to get involved....

- Each member country's National Standards Body has a 'mirror group'. Contact your NSB and participate.
- Mirror groups decide the country's policy towards the various parts of the standard and mandate up to four experts to represent them on the Working Group. (WG4 rule)
- Presently 17 (out of 30) countries are not represented. Several countries send just one representative.

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Thank You

